

[4 PTS] Solve $\left(1 + \frac{0.065}{365}\right)^{365t} = 4$. Find the exact solution.

Also, copy the exact solution onto the calculator portion of the quiz.

$$365t \ln\left(1 + \frac{0.065}{365}\right) = \ln 4$$

$$t = \frac{\ln 4}{365 \ln\left(1 + \frac{0.065}{365}\right)}$$

ANSWER:

$$\frac{\ln 4}{365 \ln\left(1 + \frac{0.065}{365}\right)}$$

(2)

[2 PTS] Solve $7 + 3 \ln x = 5$. Find the exact solution(s).

Also, copy the exact solution onto the calculator portion of the quiz.

$$3 \ln x = -2$$

$$\ln x = -\frac{2}{3}$$

$$x = e^{-\frac{2}{3}}$$

ANSWER:

$$e^{-\frac{2}{3}}$$

[3 PTS] Find the exact values of the following expressions.

[a] $\log_5 75 - \log_5 3$

ANSWER:

$$\log_5 \frac{75}{3} = \log_5 25 = 2$$

[b] $\log_2 \sqrt[4]{8}$

ANSWER:

$$\log_2 8^{\frac{1}{4}} = \frac{1}{4} \log_2 8 = \frac{1}{4} (3) = \frac{3}{4}$$

[c] $\ln e^2 + \ln e^5$

ANSWER:

$$\ln(e^2 \cdot e^5) = \ln e^7 = 7$$

[2 PTS] Write $\ln \left(x^2 \sqrt{\frac{y}{z}} \right)$ as a sum, difference and/or constant multiple of logarithms of single variable.

ANSWER: $2 \ln x + \frac{1}{2} \ln y - \frac{1}{2} \ln z$

$$\begin{aligned} \ln x^2 + \ln \sqrt{\frac{y}{z}} &= 2 \ln x + \frac{1}{2} \ln \frac{y}{z} \\ &= 2 \ln x + \frac{1}{2} (\ln y - \ln z) \\ &= 2 \ln x + \frac{1}{2} \ln y - \frac{1}{2} \ln z \end{aligned}$$

(2)
(-1/2) EACH ERROR

[2 PTS] Write $\frac{1}{3} [\log_8 y + 2 \log_8 (y+4)] - \log_8 (y-1)$ as a single logarithm.

ANSWER:

$$\begin{aligned} &\frac{1}{3} [\log_8 y + \log_8 (y+4)^2] - \log_8 (y-1) \\ &= \frac{1}{3} \log_8 y (y+4)^2 - \log_8 (y-1) \\ &= \log_8 \sqrt[3]{y(y+4)^2} - \log_8 (y-1) = \log_8 \frac{\sqrt[3]{y(y+4)^2}}{y-1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\log_8 \frac{\sqrt[3]{y(y+4)^2}}{y-1}$$

(2)
(-1/2) EACH ERROR

[5 PTS] Solve $\log 5x + \log (x-1) = 2$. Find the exact solution(s).

ANSWER:

$$\begin{aligned} \log 5x(x-1) &= 2 \\ 5x(x-1) &= 10^2 = 100 \\ x(x-1) &= 20 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x^2 - x - 20 &= 0 \\ (x-5)(x+4) &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$x = 5, 4$$

CHECK:

$$\begin{aligned} x=5 & \log 25 + \log 4 = \log 100 = 2 \\ x=4 & \log(20) \end{aligned}$$

(1/2) $x=5$

[1 PTS] Solve $\left(1 + \frac{0.065}{365}\right)^{365t} = 4$.

ANSWER:

21.3295

Use your calculator to find the decimal approximation of your exact solution, rounded to 4 decimal places.

[1 PTS] Solve $7 + 3\ln x = 5$.

ANSWER:

0.5134

Use your calculator to find the decimal approximation of your exact solution, rounded to 4 decimal places.